Information for rational prescribing to older patients in European and American drug formularies



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Conclusions

- The availability and clinical applicability of information about older people for rational prescribing of medicines is incomplete in the investigated European and American drug formularies.
- In the American PDR more information was found than in the European formularies, since the entire product label is available.
- Since drug formularies are the primary documents that guide prescribing in actual clinical practice, the availability and clinical applicability of the information on older individuals should be improved, especially in the European formularies.

Introduction

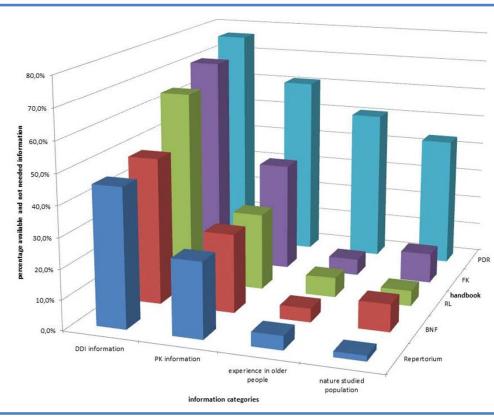
Drug formularies extract information from:

- The official product information:
 - Europe: the summary of product characteristics
 - US: the product label

- Other handbooks and literature. Healthcare professionals in daily practice use drug formularies for rational prescribing of medicines.

Aim

To investigate the availability and clinical applicability of information about older people for rational drug prescribing in European and American drug formularies.



Results

- 5 drug formularies and 35 medicines were included.

- See Figure for the proportion of available and clinically applicable information and information that was not needed, based on pharmacokinetic properties of the medicines.
- Information about the number and characteristics of older people investigated during clinical trials was absent in the European handbooks. The PDR provided this information in about 40% of the medicines.

Figure. The proportion of available and not needed information

Table. The 19 items extracted from the ICH E7 guideline

Nature of the studied population (4 items)

Investigated participants \geq 65 years and \geq 75 years – Exclusions based on an

upper age cut-off and on co-morbidity probably present in people >65 years

Clinical experience in older people (4 items)

Methods

Included drug formularies: Belgian Repertorium, British National Formulary (BNF), German Rote Liste (RL), Dutch Farmacotherapeutisch Kompas (FK), American Physician's Desk Reference (PDR)

The number of participants <a>>65 years – Age–related differences in efficacy,

adverse events and dose response

Pharmacokinetic (PK) properties (8 items)

PK behaviour of the drug – PK behaviour in older people – Influence of

demographic and physiologic factors on the PK - Extent of renal and

hepatic excretion of active substance - Renally and hepatically impaired

patients

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Drug-drug interactions (DDI) (3 items)

Therapeutic range – Relevant CYP450 metabolism – Drug–drug interactions

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Included medicines: Indicated for diseases frequent in older people, first European centralised approval between 2008 and 2011, and FDA approval before October 2012.

A 19-items checklist based on the ICH E7 guideline was used to investigate whether information was available (See table). Applicability of available information (Systematic Information for Monitoring score): at least information about what to monitor, a critical value and how to respond.

Conflicts of interest No conflicts of interest declared. **Contact information**

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